

# **Section 12**

Minimum Set-Aside Requirements

## REVENUE RULE 90-89

1990-2 C.B. 8, 1990-44 I.R.B. 6.

Internal Revenue Service  
Revenue Ruling

### LOW-INCOME HOUSING CREDIT; MINIMUM SET-ASIDE REQUIREMENTS

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(See Also Section 142.)

Low-income housing credit; minimum set-aside requirements. For purposes of determining whether a building meets the minimum set-aside requirements of section 42(g)(1) of the Code, the combined income of all occupants of an apartment, whether or not legally related, is compared to the appropriate percentage of the median family income for a family with the same number of members.

#### ISSUE

For purposes of determining whether a building meets the minimum set-aside requirements of section 42(g)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, how is the appropriate percentage of the area median gross income determined for occupants of an apartment when those occupants are not legally related?

#### FACTS

The owner of a newly constructed building wants to qualify the building for the low-income housing credit under section 42(a) of the Code. The owner has elected to qualify under the 40-60 minimum set-aside requirement of section 42(g)(1)(B), under which 40 percent or more of the building's aggregate residential rental units must be occupied by individuals with incomes of 60 percent or less of the area median gross income.

A and B are unrelated individuals who want to rent a two-bedroom apartment in the building. A and B each has income that does not exceed 60 percent of the area median gross income for one individual. However, A and B's combined income exceeds 60 percent of the area median gross income for a two-individual family.

#### LAW AND ANALYSIS

Section 38(a) of the Code provides for a general business credit against tax that includes the amount of the current year business credit. Section 38(b)(5) provides that the amount of the current year business credit includes the low-income housing credit determined under section 42(a).

Section 42(a) of the Code provides that, for purposes of section 38, the amount of the low-income housing credit determined under section 42 for any tax year in the credit period shall be an amount equal to the 'applicable percentage' of the qualified basis of each qualified low-income building.

Section 42(c)(2) of the Code defines the term 'qualified low-income building' as any building: (A) that is part of a qualified low-income housing project at all times during the period (i) beginning on the first day in the compliance period on which the building is part of such a project, and (ii) ending on the last day of the compliance period with respect to the building, and (B) to which the amendments made by section 201(a) of the Tax Reform Act of 1986 apply.

Section 42(g)(1) of the Code defines the term 'qualified low-income housing project' as any project for residential rental property if the project meets the requirements of subparagraphs (A) and (B), whichever the taxpayers elects. The election is irrevocable. The project meets the requirements of section 42(g)(1)(A) if 20 percent or more of the residential units in the project are both rent-restricted and occupied by individuals whose income is 50 percent or less of area median gross income. The project meets the requirements of section 42(g)(1)(B) if 40 percent or more of the residential units in the project are both rent-restricted and occupied by individuals whose income is 60 percent or less of area median gross income. This rule is known as the 'minimum set-aside' requirement. 2 H.R. Conf. Rep. No. 841, 99th Cong., 2d Sess. II-92 (1986), 1986-3 (Vol. 4) C.B. 92.

Section 42(g)(4) of the Code provides, in part, that section 142(d)(2)(B) applies for purposes of determining whether any project is a low-income housing project and whether any unit is a low-income unit. Section 142(d)(2)(B) states that the income of individuals and area median gross income shall be determined in a manner consistent with determinations of lower income families and area median gross income under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (or, if the program is terminated, under the program as in effect immediately before such termination). Determinations of area median gross income under the preceding sentence are adjusted for family size. The determination of an individual's or family's income for purposes of section 8 of the Housing Act of 1937 may differ materially from that individual's or family's income for federal income tax purposes.

In order to satisfy the minimum set-aside requirements of section 42(g)(1) of the Code, a specified percentage of apartments in a low-income housing project must be occupied by low-income tenants who meet the income limits of section 42(g)(1). Under sections 42(g)(1) and 142(d)(2)(B), tenants are considered low-income by reference to the area median gross income as adjusted for family size. These sections require that the income of all individuals in a family that share an apartment be aggregated and compared to the area median gross income for a family of the same size to determine if the minimum set-aside requirement is satisfied. Similarly, the income of all unrelated individuals who share an apartment should be aggregated and compared to the area median gross income for a family of the same size to determine if the minimum set-aside requirement is satisfied.

In this case, if A and B rent the apartment, that apartment does not count towards satisfying the minimum set-aside requirement of section 42(g)(1)(B) because A and B's combined income exceeds 60 percent of the area median gross income for a two-individual family.

#### HOLDING

For purposes of determining whether a building meets the minimum set-aside requirements of section 42(g)(1) of the Code, the combined income of all occupants of an apartment, whether or not legally related, is compared to the appropriate percentage of the median family income for a family with the number of members.

#### DRAFTING INFORMATION

The principal author of this revenue ruling is Paul F. Handleman of the Office of Assistant Chief Counsel (Passthroughs and Special Industries). For further information regarding this revenue ruling contact Mr. Handleman on (202) 377-6349 (not a toll-free call).

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